Stillwater Mine DPM Reduction

Exhaust Aftertreatment Implementation

Stillwater Mine Experience

- Isozone Studies followed by actual operation
 - Some techniques worked, some marginal.
 - No "one size fits all"
- Types of Aftertreatment Devices
 - Active DPF's
 - Arvin-Meritor "Fuel Burner"
 - DCL Titan
 - Passive Units
 - Catalyzed & Base Metal DPF's (Engelhard & DCL Mine-X)
 - ESW Particulate Reactors
 - Disposable filters

Preliminary Information

Three equipment groups contribute equally to DPM loading at the Stillwater Mine (based upon Hp)

- Muck haul Fleet
 - 26 Units
 - Trucks & Locomotives
- LHD Fleet
 - 77 Units
- Utility Equipment
 - <200 Units of multiple types & variations</p>

First Group Attacked

Muckhaul Fleet - Trucks & Locomotives

- High duty cycle & small number of equipment
- Passive DPF's work well "Perfect" application
 - Catalyzed
 - 19 MTI1604 haul trucks with Engelhard
 - 1 Cat/Elphinstone AD30's with DCL Mine-X Sootfilter
 - 4 20-ton Brookville Loci's with Engelhard.
 - DCL Mine-X Sootfilter BM (base metal) on two Cat AD30's for NO₂ reduction
 - Excellent Duty Cycle with High EGT's >900°F
 - NO₂ reduction as well as DPM regeneration
 - Second unit installed in December '06
 - Plan to install on the remaining AD30 in '07

Six System Engine Preventive Maintenance (EPM) Form

Site 2900 St	nop	_		
Date	10/2/06	_ (m/d/yy)		
Vehicle # _	T202	Model AD30	Hourmeter_	7,547.00
Engine Mal	ke & Model _3	3406E CAT		
☑ Clea	m clean engine n radiator and Cooled: Remov	e and surrounding con coolers with degrease we inspection covers	er and high volume	e-pressure water ho am clean cylinders
> War		to 180°F oil tempera		
> Engi	ne Speed @ hi	i-idle transmission sta	all 1983	RPM
➤ Engi	ne Speed @ hi	i-idle transmission &	hydraulic stall	R
Meas	sure emissions	@ transmission & h	ydraulic stall	-
	Cesting Perfor	med at:		
		Inlet Side		Outlet Side
Smoke Inde	x	8.00		1.00
O ₂ %		11.50		11.50
CO ppm		106.70		27.50
NO ppm		359.10		368:40
NO ₂ nnm		26.40		15 10

CO₂ %

T. Gas or

NO_{x ppm}

MEQI Cert Index

7.00

338.00

27.40

385.50

 DOC Conversion Efficiency
 ○ [1 - CO Out / CO In] X 100 = 74.23 %
 ○ Action required if less than 75% OR greater than 75 ppm CO @ tailpipe after DOC

7.00

646.90

20.90

383.50

Second Group Being Attacked

LHD Fleet - Large variability in duty cycles

- Disposable filters placed on 21 units
 - Larger LHD's plug within minutes
 - High Hp and space limitations negate practicality
 - Not cost effective due to logistics
 - Blow out if operators do not change often
 - Removed all by Q3-06
- Experimentation with passive DPF's promising
 - 39 passive DPF's (MTI LT270 Cat/Elphinstone R1300) 33 Engelhard & 6 DCL Mine-X
 - 9 ESW Particulate Reactors (older MTI LT210 & LT270's that had low duty cycles and rapid plugging of DPF's.)

ESW Particulate Reactor

ESW Particulate Reactor

- "Super" catalytic converter
- Passive, low backpressure filter
- Less efficient than DPF (<30% DPM removal)
- Originally intended for Mules, skid steers, tractors, & smaller engines.
- Installed on small LHD's with low duty cycles to find a solution without plugging issues.



Six System Engine Preventive Maintenance (EPM) Form

Site Selec	ct One			
Date	11/22/06	(m/d/yy)		
Vehicle #	mu116	Model MTI	Hourmeter	1,692.00
Engine M	Iake & Model	DUETZ 4M 1013 C		

Pre PM Cleaning

 ✓ Steam clean engine and surrounding compartments
 ✓ Clean radiator and coolers with degreaser and high volume-pressure water hose
 Air Cooled: Remove inspection covers – degreaser and steam clean cylinders and cooler

Perform Emissions Test

➤ Warm up engine to 180°F oil temperature

Engine Speed @ hi-idle no load RPM

 Engine Speed @ hi-idle transmission stall 2090 RPM

➤ Engine Speed @ hi-idle transmission & hydraulic stall 2090 RPM

➤ Measure emissions @ transmission & hydraulic stall

Emissions Testing Performed at:

Full Throttle Transmission + Hyd Stall - Steady State

Inlet Side	Outlet Side
7.00	3.00
11.70	12.40
176.20	60.00
806.40	847.10
46.60	22.30
6.80	6.30
447.40	553.30
54.90	43.70
853.00	869.40
	7.00 11.70 176.20 806.40 46.60 6.80 447.40 54.90

DOC Conversion Efficiency

- o [1 CO Out / CO In] X 100 = 65.95 %
- o Action required if less than 75% OR greater than 75 ppm CO @ tailpipe after DOC



Six System Engine Preventive Maintenance (EPM) Form

Date	9/28/06	(m/d/yy)				
Vehic	le # AV021	Model Mule	Н-	ourmeter	985.00	
Engin	e Make & Model	Kawasaki 1DHXL				
1		e and surrounding of				
	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler	e and surrounding of coolers with degre we inspection cover	aser and l	high volun	ne-pressure wa team clean cyl	ater ho
	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler rm Emissions Test	coolers with degre we inspection cover	aser and I	high volun	ne-pressure wateam clean cyl	ater ho
>	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler rm Emissions Test Warm up engine	coolers with degre we inspection cover to 180°F oil tempe	aser and I	high volun aser and s	ne-pressure wateam clean cyl	ater ho
A	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler rm Emissions Test Warm up engine Engine Speed @ h	coolers with degre we inspection cover to 180°F oil tempe ii-idle no load	aser and less – degreerature	high volun	clean cyl	ater ho
AAAA	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler rm Emissions Test Warm up engine Engine Speed @ h Engine Speed @ h Engine Speed @ h	coolers with degree we inspection cover to 180°F oil tempe i-idle no load i-idle transmission i-idle transmission	aser and less – degreerature 3813 stall & hydrau	RPM	ne-pressure wateam clean cyl	ater ho
AAAA	Clean radiator and Air Cooled: Remo cooler rm Emissions Test Warm up engine Engine Speed @ h Engine Speed @ h	coolers with degree we inspection cover to 180°F oil tempe i-idle no load i-idle transmission i-idle transmission	aser and less – degreerature 3813 stall & hydrau	RPM	clean cyl	linders

	Inlet Side	Outlet Side
Smoke Index	9.00	7.00
O ₂ %	15.90	16.30
CO ppm	1194.30	917.00
NO ppm	102.50	141.70
NO _{2 ppm}	15.50	2.40
CO ₂ %	3.80	3.50
T. Gas of	388.40	233.40
MEQI Cert Index	57.00	43.10
NO _{x ppm}	118.00	144.10

- > DOC Conversion Efficiency
 - o [1 CO Out / CO In] X 100 = 23.22 %
 - o Action required if less than 75% OR greater than 75 ppm CO @ tailpipe after DOC

Rypos Active On-Board DPF

Cat/Elphinstone LHD's and ceramic DPF's

- DPF's worked well as long as fueling rate was at specification
- Need an alternative immune to fueling rates
- Rypos electric, active on-board DPF
 - MSHA testing suggests +80% DPM removal
 - Started conversation with Rypos in May '06
 - Tight quarters for location.

SMC Efforts 2005 to Present

Utility Equipment - Most Difficult to Solve

- <200 units of multiple types & variations</p>
- Wide range of duty cycles, mostly low
- 3 Passive DPF's on motor graders (Engelhard)
- 5 Active DPF's no longer available (DCL Titan)
- 54 ESW Reactors installed additional units scheduled
- 21 Fork Lifts & Skid Steers considered low priority due to DPM Sampling
- 18 units limited by hearing conservation (cowl mufflers)
- 25 J Deere tractors replaced with lower emitting Kawasaki Mules. The mules work very well with ESW Reactors.

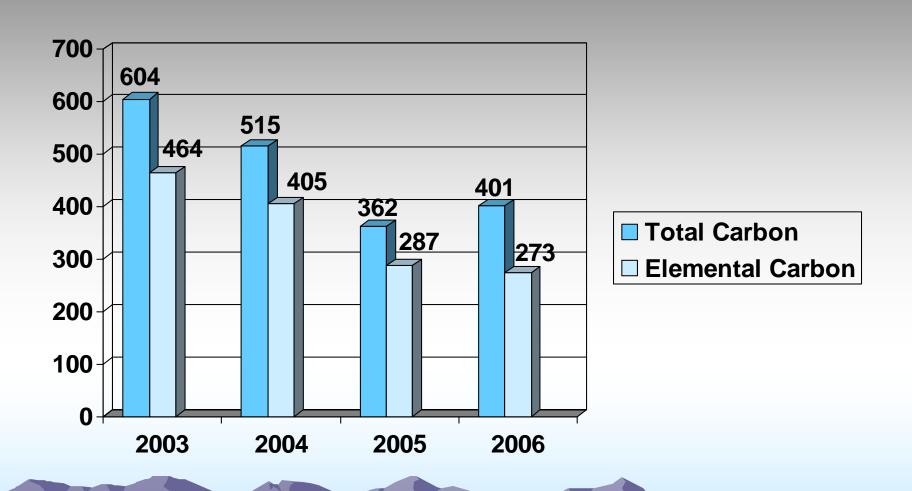
Results to date

By the end of '06 the Stillwater Mine installed 142 exhaust treatments

- 5 Active DPF's
- 68 Passive
- 69 ESW Particulate Reactors

Complete treatment of Muck haul fleet reduced DPM by 1/3 at the Stillwater Mine

2003-2006 Sample History



Results to Date

- Have Stillwater's efforts been perfect?
 - No, realized some setbacks.
 - Not everything that works for others have worked well for Stillwater.
- Has Stillwater had success?
 - Overall Stillwater has had success.
 - Not satisfied Exhaust treatments are only a part of the overall DPM solution.
 - Other technologies combined with exhaust treatments are SMC's plan.